











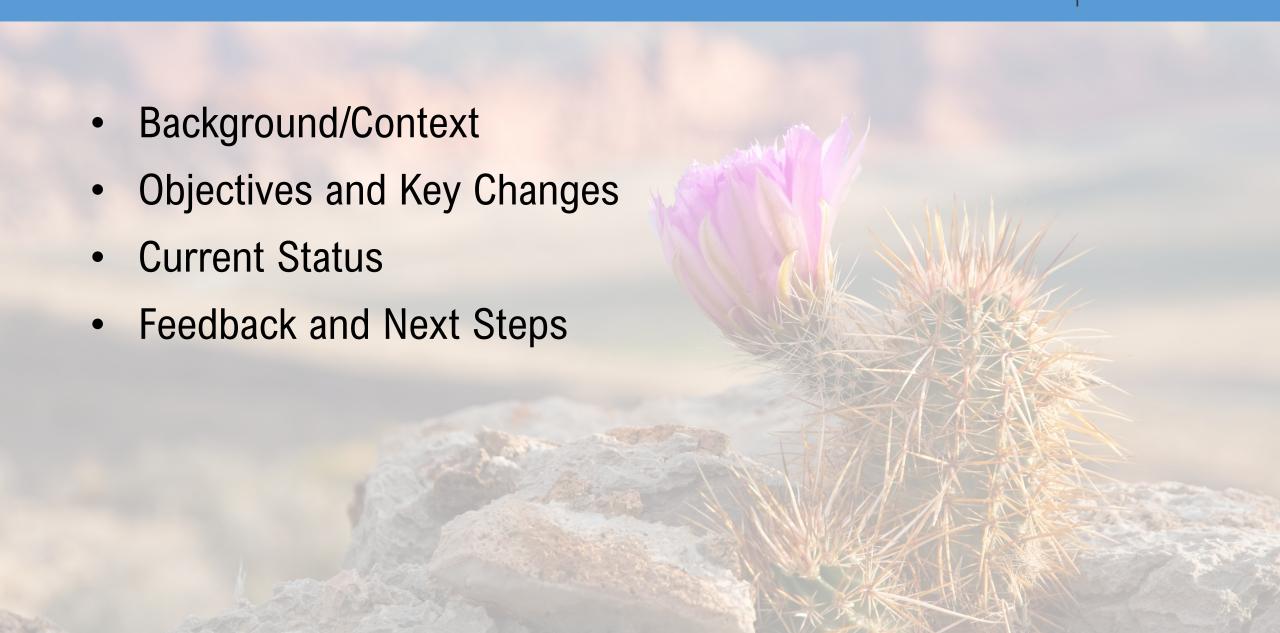




PERMIT AMENDMENT







WHY AMEND AND WHY NOW?





30-year permit effective February 2001

Will expire in less than 6 years on January 31, 2031

Authorizes up to 145,000 acres of development

- 130,564 acres reported disturbance (as of June 2025)
- 14,433 acres remain under current permit (less than 10% remaining)
- Average development (2001-2024) = 5,347 acres/year (2.7 years left)
- Average development (2014-2024) = 4,019 acres/year (3.6 years left)

We will likely run out of permitted acres in 3-4 years

IF THE MSHCP EXPIRES...





Absent a regional permit, developers would have to pursue individual project-level permits

Individual permits can take several months (very small projects) or can take several years (large, complex projects)

The cost of an individual permit is also widely variable, from several hundred thousand dollars (small projects) to millions of dollars (large-scale developments)

Impacts to the economy and housing prices by artificially increasing scarcity

Developers lose verdict to tortoises

The U.S. Court of Appeals upheld the emergency listing of the Mojave Desert

tention that the secretary acted irra-

Tortoise delays building one year

the endangered animal will stay on hold until January

MSHCP AMENDMENT TIMELINE





Short-term Advisory Committee recommends that the Permittees amend the MSHCP and Permit Community Advisory Committee convened; develop guiding principles for the MSHCP Amendment effort (objectives)

BCC directs staff to reinitiate MSHCP Amendment efforts

June 2007

2011

Sep. 2024

Dec. 2006

Feb. 2009 – Aug. 2010

Mar. 2014

BCC directs staff to initiate permit amendment efforts

MSHCP Amendment efforts on hold due to economic recession

Staff presents status update to BCC; BCC directs staff to proceed with a public engagement and stakeholder outreach process

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT & OUTREACH





Public Engagement and Stakeholder Outreach November 2024 – February 2025

- Interviews with key stakeholders (Nov Jan)
- Introductory Information Sessions (Jan 14 and 15)
- Focus Group Meetings (Feb)
- Final Information Sessions (Feb 25 and 26)
- Summary Report

OUTREACH TAKEAWAYS





- No one wants the current permit to expire without a replacement and to end up in a situation where developers must obtain individual permits.
- There is a need to provide public education about what the MSHCP is, why it is important, and what it has achieved.
- Stakeholders would like to stay informed about MSHCP activities and additional opportunities to review future drafts of the plan.

OVERVIEW OF OBJECTIVES





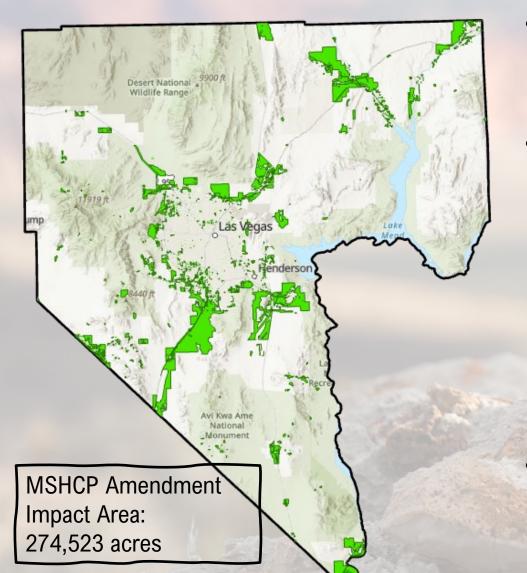
Objectives for Obtaining an Amendment:

- 1. Increase Allowable Development
- 2. Reduce the number of Covered Species
- 3. Revise the Conservation Strategy
- 4. Fund the Plan

OBJECTIVE 1: INCREASE ALLOWABLE DEVELOPMENT







- Only 14,433 acres of take (or development) remaining under the current incidental take permit.
- Approximately 275,000 acres of land potentially available for development
 - Undeveloped BLM land within disposal boundaries
 - Undeveloped private property across Clark County
 - Proposed legislation would add to the Las Vegas Valley Disposal Boundary
 - Lands to be conveyed around the Southern Nevada Supplemental Airport
- Application will request 200,000 acres of development with a permit term of 50 years

OBJECTIVE 1: INCREASE ALLOWABLE DEVELOPMENT



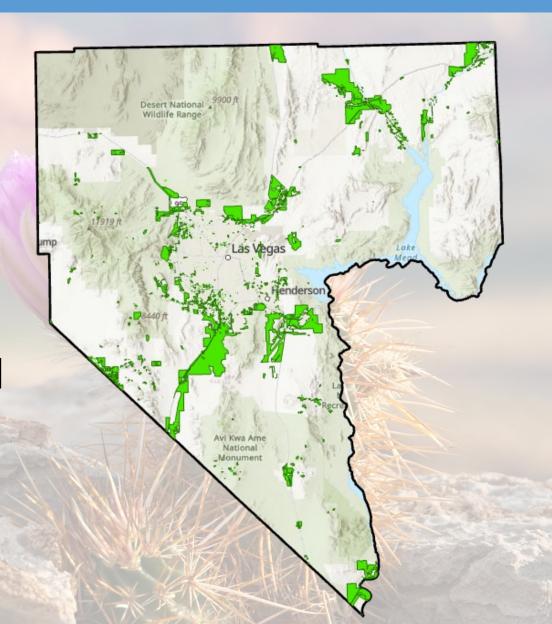


Feedback

- Concerns about urban sprawl
- Concerns about water

Follow Up Action

 Clarify what the MSHCP does, and what the MSHCP does not do



OBJECTIVE 2: REDUCE COVERED SPECIES





Objective 2. To reduce the number of species covered by the MSHCP

- Focus on those most at risk from nonfederal development activities.
- Allow us to make better use of our mitigation dollars to secure better species outcomes

Taxon	Covered Species	Evaluation Species	Watch List Species	Total
Mammals	4	15	8	27
Birds	8	7	15	30
Reptiles	14	7	1	22
Amphibians	1	2	3	6
Fish	0	8	1	9
Invertebrates	10	34	10	54
Vascular Plants	37	21	10	68
Non-vascular Plants	4	8	3	15
Total	78	102	51	231

OBJECTIVE 2: REDUCE COVERED SPECIES





- Started with over 450 species for consideration; reduced to 56 for further evaluation
- Created preliminary species distribution models; further refined list to 31 species
- Field verified models; collected additional species occurrence data
- Developed detailed spatial vegetation dataset





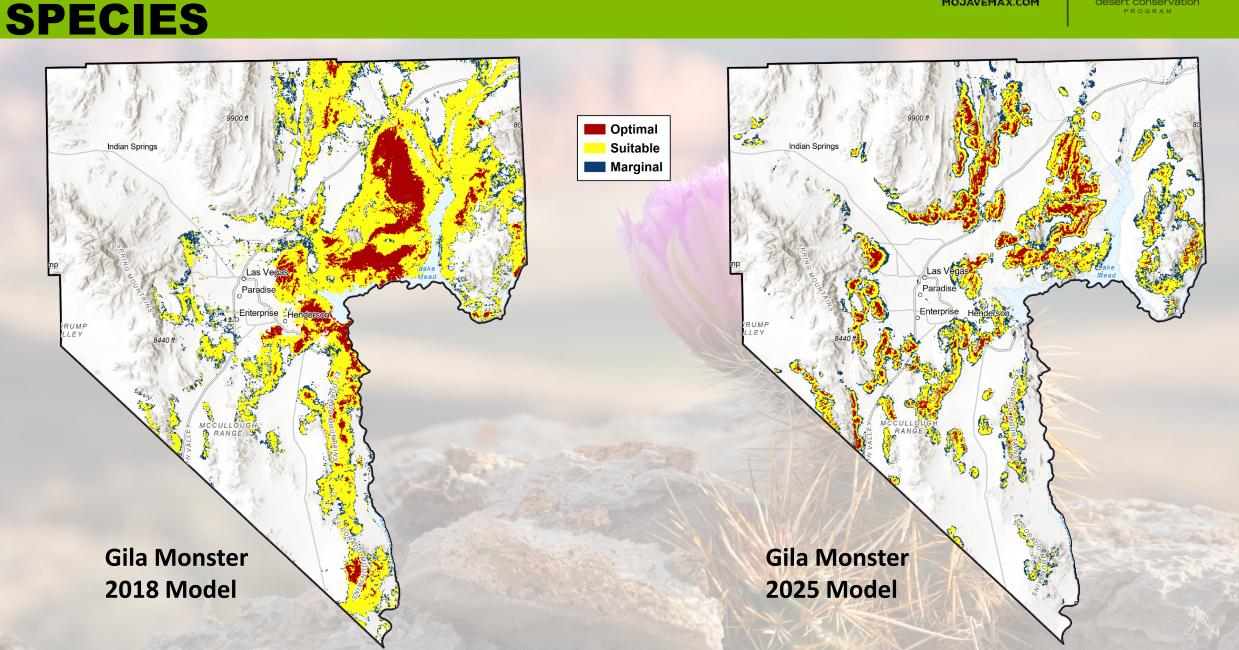




OBJECTIVE 2: REDUCE COVERED







HABITAT FUNCTIONALITY: Mojave Desert Scrub/Acacia





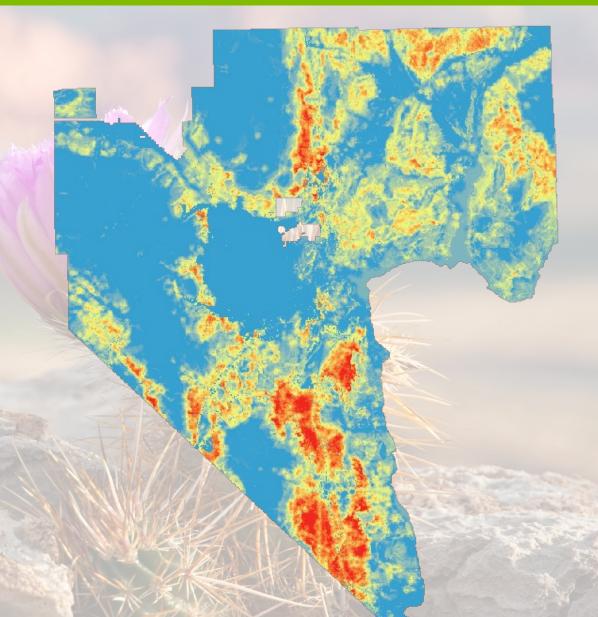
Species Included:

- Desert tortoise
- Banded Gila monster
- Burrowing owl
- LeConte's thrasher

Quality Factors:

- Known populations (occurrence data)
- National Hydrology dataset
- Designated Critical Habitat
- Tortoise omnidirectional connectivity model

- Transmission infrastructure
- Roads
- Historical fires
- Urban development



COVERED SPECIES





Feedback

No concern about the shortened list

Recommendations to consider additional species

Review latest information

Followup

Action:

Updated models for species being reconsidered

Revise and update Covered Species
Recommendations Analysis report (October)

OBJECTIVE 3: REVISE CONSERVATION STRATEGY





Objective 3. To revise the conservation strategy to improve mitigation effectiveness and accountability.

Avoid, Minimize, and Mitigate to the Maximum Extent Practicable

Key Components of the Conservation Strategy

- Biological Goals and Objectives
- Avoidance and Minimization Measures
- Mitigation (Reserve System)
- Adaptive Management and Reporting

BIOLOGICAL GOALS AND OBJECTIVES





Biological Goals:

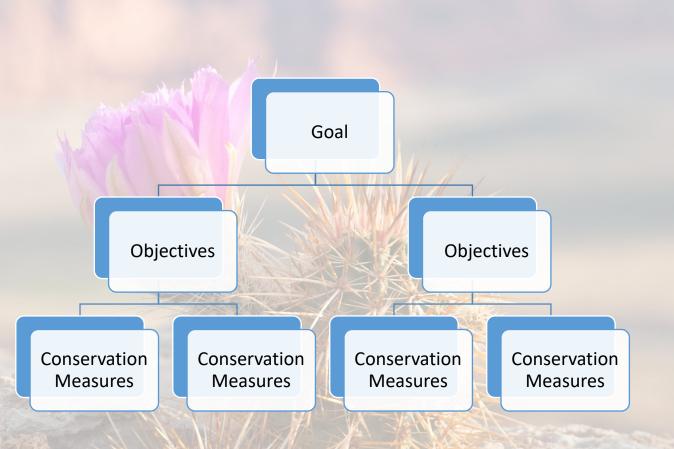
- Broadly describe the desired future conditions of an HCP in succinct statements
- Step down to one or more objectives

Biological Objectives:

 Describes how to achieve the desired future condition (goal) in measurable terms

Conservation Measure:

 The means to achieve biological goals and objectives



AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION





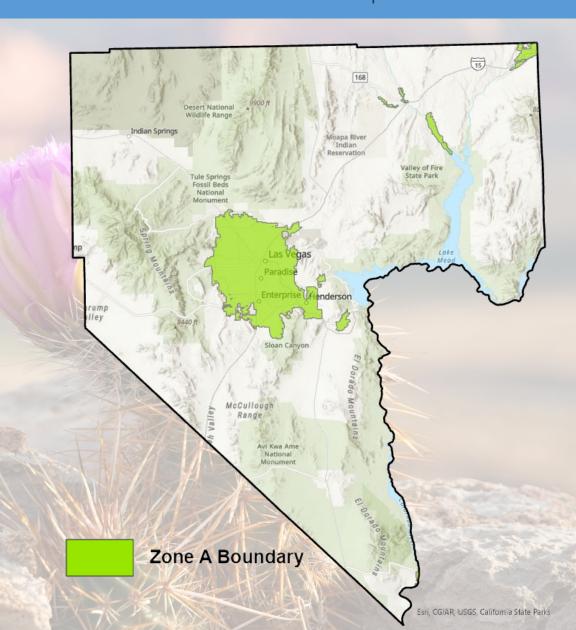
- Project Design Measures: reduce indirect effects to species and as a result of project implementation. These measures are intended to limit edge effects in adjacent habitats and provide corridors for species movements with buffers from sensitive habitats.
- General Construction Measures: reduce direct impacts to species during project implementation.
- Species Specific Measures: Additional avoidance and minimization measures for Covered Species will be implemented when disturbancerelated project activities (construction or maintenance) are conducted in areas designated as potential to be occupied by the species.

AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION





- Zone A: Infill within urban/developed areas
- Zone B: natural areas
 - Desert tortoise clearance surveys within suitable habitat
 - Burrowing owl clearance surveys within suitable habitat
- Urban Wildland Interface
 - Limit edge effects



MITIGATION (RESERVE SYSTEM)

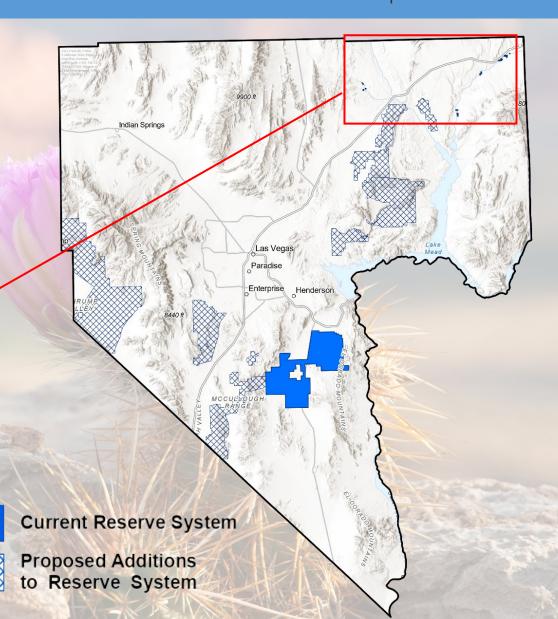




Current properties = 88,049 acres

Proposed Additions = 358,964 acres





MITIGATION (RESERVE SYSTEM)





Two paths to establishing the Reserve System:

Administrative

- Amend the BLM Las Vegas Resource Management Plan (RMP)
- Attempted in 2007; terminated in 2019 due to political circumstances
- State-wide update to RMPs; status is uncertain

Legislative

- BCC directed staff to begin negotiations in 2018 in a resolution that outlined
 14 objectives for federal legislation
- Southern Nevada Economic Development and Conservation Act (SNEDCA)

ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT





What is it?

- A tool for addressing uncertainty in the conservation and management of Covered Species and their habitat
- Identify problems, design and implement strategies, monitor and evaluate results, then adjust approach to achieve desired outcomes

Uncertainties: ecosystem functions, effectiveness of management actions, survey approaches or models, or changed climatic conditions

ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT





Adaptive Management Evaluation

- Occurs every 10 years
- Evaluate species monitoring results against pre-defined triggers
- If a trigger is met, begin Adaptive Management Process
- Continues until actions are successful in resolving or improving upon an issue

Trigger Potentially Discovered During Adaptive Management Evaluation Period

Summarize Efficacy of Adaptive Management Action(s) in Subsequent Reporting Periods Until Target is Reattained

Compile All Relevant Monitoring Data

Trigger Verified; Begin the Adaptive Management Action Process Compare Trends and State Variables Within the Reserve System

Compare Results with the Targets and Triggers Across Overlapping BGOs

CONSERVATION STRATEGY





Feedback

- Incorporate new information that has been published
- Some avoidance and minimization measures were unclear and should be better defined
- Concern about the timing of species surveys and potential impact to development processes
- Suggestions to increase/decrease the size of the Reserve System
- Suggestions to consider specific monitoring techniques
- Concern about the feasibility of getting the Reserve System designated

CONSERVATION STRATEGY





Follow Up Actions

- Update Conservation Strategy to incorporate latest plans and data
- Convene an Avoidance and Minimization Measures work group
- Review proposed Reserve System boundaries
 - Incorporate changes related to a revised Covered Species list
 - Submit new nominations later this year

FUNDING





Increasing avoidance, minimization, and mitigation measures will require additional revenue to fund

- A per-acre fee increase will be necessary
- Desert Conservation Program will be required to demonstrate that they can fully fund the entire plan and that revenue sources are guaranteed (i.e., we cannot use grant funding)
 - This is a permit issuance criterion without a funding guarantee, U.S.
 Fish and Wildlife Service will not approve the application.

FUNDING





- Preliminary funding analysis: 50year plan will cost \$474 million (2023 dollars)
- Approximately \$2,304 per acre
- Fee must be periodically adjusted for inflation

CLARK COUNTY DESERT CONSERVATION PROGRAM	Project #
LAND DISTURBANCE/MITIGATION FEE FORM	Receipt#
	City/County
All project proponents in the permit area are required to complete this form and subt to develop property will not be granted by the local agency until this form has been proponent is responsible for securing all signatures required below and for accurate	submitted and is accepted as complete. The project
PROPERTY SITE DESCRIPTION	
Assessor's Parcel Number(s)	
Attached: Site Boundary outlined on Assessor's Parcel Map (Required if Engineer Stamp no Legal Description (If Required)	et provided) Engineer Stamp
Type of Development Permit Being Sought: COMMERCIAL RESIDENTIAL	L 🗆
Fotal acreage in parcel: (2 decimal places only)	
Number of on-site acres within parcel to be disturbed: (2 decimal places only)	
(2 decimal places only)	
Number of off-site acres within parcel to be disturbed: [for Clark County use) (2 decimal places only)	
Location (City, Town, Cross Streets)	
Property Owner/Project Proponent (Print Name or Company Name)	
Address, City, State, Zip	Telephone Number
cares, city, state, zap	Telephone (value)
Signature	Date
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
MITIGATION FEE ASSESSED: acres (2 decimal places o	nly) X \$550.00 = \$
Compliance Report Fee (Administrative Fee)	= \$
Total Fees Paid	= \$
If exemption of fee applies, please explain below: (ATTACH DOCUMENTAT	ION)
Mitigation Fee Previously Paid: Permit Number:	
Mitigation Fee Previously Paid: Property Previously Developed, Fee Not Applicable. Explain Other, Explain:	

Original - Agency Copy - Customer Copy - DCl

FUNDING: Key Win!





2025 Legislative Session

- Senate Bill 15 Amends NRS 244.386 and NRS 268.4413
 - Allows the collection of a fee for the establishment of plans and programs for the conservation of habitats or ecosystems for the preservation of species listed pursuant to the ESA
 - Fee must be based on an economic analysis of the approved plan/program
 - Beginning in FY 2026-2027 fee may be adjusted for inflation
 - Requires 2/3rds vote of the Board of County Commissioners

FUNDING





Feedback

Developers concerned about an increased fee

Conservation groups are concerned the fee may not be high enough to accomplish goals and objectives

Follow Up Actions

Prepare a final funding analysis based on the final revised Covered Species list and the revised Conservation Strategy

Conduct periodic reviews of the fee to determine if grant funds or other revenue sources allow for adjustments

FUTURE STEPS





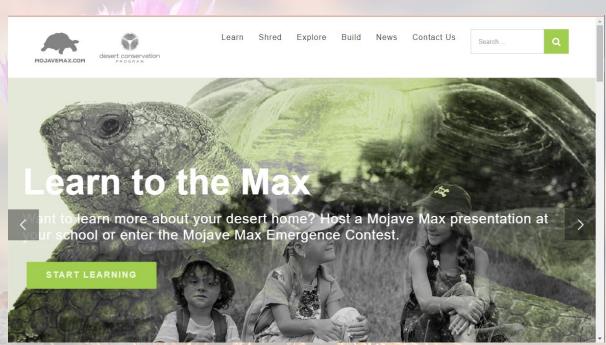
- Finalize application package
- Brief BCC and County leadership; receive authorization to submit application.
- Designate Reserve System
- Initiate NEPA review; receive Record of Decision 2-year process
- Receive amended incidental take permit
- Legal challenges





To learn more, please visit our websites:





QUESTIONS?